# **CEQA DRAINAGE STUDY**



RANCHO CIELO ESTATES PARCEL 'H' MARCH 2011

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO TM 5441 - EA LOG NO. 86-06-026B LOT 203, TM 4229-4, Map No.12905

Prepared For: Rancho Cielo Estates

Prepared By: Fuscoe Engineering, Inc.

Job Number: 02711-001-01



# **Preliminary Drainage Study**

For

Rancho Cielo Parcel 'H'

County of San Diego, CA

Prepared under the Responsible Charge of:

Robert A. Chase, P.E. RCE 41903 Fuscoe Engineering, San Diego, Inc. 6390 Greenwich Dr., Suite 170 San Diego, CA 92122 Date:

EXP: 03-31-12

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Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit

## **REFERENCES**

County Hydrology Manual (2003)

County of San Diego Standard Urban Stormwater Mitigation Plan (2011)

County of San Diego Drainage Design Manual (2005)

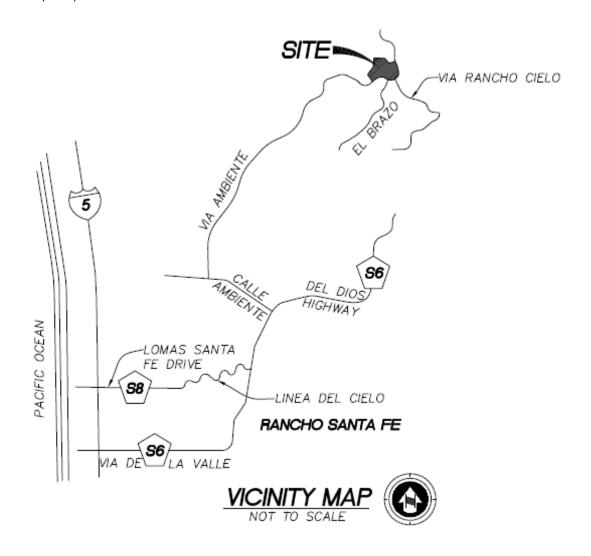
# INTRODUCTION

## **PURPOSE**

This Preliminary Drainage Study pertains to the proposed development of Rancho Cielo Parcel 'H' to the north of the intersection of Via Ambiente and El Brazo. Its purpose is to present the design of the drainage facilities of the proposed project located in the County of San Diego, CA.

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed development of Rancho Cielo Parcel 'H' consists of a one-lot condominium project including thirty-nine residential units. The lot will be designated for residential uses with a portion of the lot designated as open space. The project area consists of a portion of Lot 203 TM 4229-4 (Map No. 12905) and is located along Via Ambiente in the community of Rancho Cielo, to the north of Rancho Santa Fe, CA. Refer to the following Vicinity Map.



The project site is 14.42 acres. The existing site is characterized by a hilltop surrounded by steep slopes. Via Ambiente forms the southerly and easterly boundaries of the project.

Low density residential development exists along a portion of the westerly project boundary, while the remainder of the adjacent area is undeveloped. The proposed project will construct a driveway on Via Ambiente just west of the intersection with El Brazo. The residential units will be accessed via private interior streets consisting of three cul-de-sacs.

#### BASIN DESCRIPTION

# Existing Conditions:

Due to the hilltop nature of the site, runoff from the project site splits into several drainage basins.

Basin 1 encompasses the majority of the central and western portions of the site. This basin drains to a canyon onsite which drains to the northwest, conveying flows to a tributary to Escondido Creek, and then to Escondido Creek itself.

Basin 2 consists of the southeasterly portion of the site, including the frontage along Via Ambiente. Runoff from this basin is collected by a storm drain system which conveys flows to the east under Via Ambiente before discharging to the surface. The surface discharge then runs down a canyon to the valley to the east. The valley then drains northerly towards the tributary to Escondido Creek.

Basin 3 is located along the southerly frontage of the project to the west of El Brazo. Consisting largely of street drainage on Via Ambiente, the basin extends from a high point in the roadway to the west of the project to a catch basin near the intersection with El Brazo. The catch basin connects to an underground storm drain system which outlets to a canyon to the southeast of the intersection of Via Ambiente and El Brazo. This canyon flows southwest to a confluence with the San Dieguito River.

Basins 4 and 5 consist of small portions of the northeasterly corner and north central portions of the site, respectively. These areas drain northeasterly to a storm drains which cross Via Ambiente and discharge to a canyon to the northeast of the site. This canyon flows east to the adjacent valley, which then drains north to the tributary of Fscondido Creek.

Please refer to the "Existing 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit" for a graphical depiction of these drainage patterns.

## **Proposed Conditions:**

The proposed development will maintain the existing drainage patterns. The site will continue to be split among five drainage basins. Although the areas of the proposed drainage basins will not match the existing conditions exactly, there will be no diversion greater than one acre between basins.

The majority of the proposed development will occur in Basin 1, where two separate storm drain systems and outlet points are proposed. Curb inlets near the project entrance will convey runoff from the southeasterly portion of Basin 1 to an extended

detention/hydromodification Integrated Management Practice (IMP). The basin will discharge to the existing canyon within Basin 1. The northeasterly portion of Basin 1 will drain north to the cul-de-sac, where runoff will be collected by curb inlets and conveyed to an extended detention/hydromodification/peak detention IMP near the toe of the slope to the northwest. This IMP will discharge to the west, where flows will travel down the slope to the existing canyon.

The majority of the remaining development will drain to Basin 2. The onsite street will drain northerly to curb inlets at the end of the cul-de-sac. Runoff will then be conveyed by a combination of underground storm drain and concrete ditches to an extended detention/hydromodification/peak detention IMP near Via Ambiente. Slope and street drainage along Via Ambiente will continue to be conveyed to the existing storm drain inlet.

Basin 3 will remain largely the same as the existing condition, with the addition of some runoff from the project entrance and the loss of some slope area to Basin 1.

Portions of Basin 4 will continue to sheet flow off the site to the northeast. A retaining wall will be constructed along the property line in Basin 5. Runoff from Basin 5 will be conveyed by a brow ditch behind the wall to a catch basin. Runoff will then be discharged north of the wall, where it will continue to flow north as in the existing condition.

Please refer to the "Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit" for a graphical depiction of these drainage patterns.

# <u>METHODOLOGY</u>

## **RUNOFF CALCULATIONS**

The design criteria, as found in the County of San Diego Department of Public Works Flood Control Division Hydrology Manual, specifies the design runoff conditions within the San Diego County Flood Control District will be based on the 100-year storm frequency, as follows:

- 1.) Design for areas over 1 square mile will be based on the 100-year frequency storm.
- 2.) For areas under 1 square mile
  - a. The storm drain system shall be designed so that the combination of storm drain system capacity and overflow both inside and outside the right of way will be able to carry the 100 year frequency storm without damaging adjacent existing buildings or potential building sites.
  - b. The storm drain system shall be designed so that the combination of storm drain system capacity and allowable street overflow will be able to carry the 50 year frequency storm without damaging adjacent property.
  - c. Where a storm drain is required under headings 1 or 2 above, then as a minimum, the drain shall be designed to carry the 10-year frequency storm.

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3.) Sump areas are to be designed for a sump capacity or outfall of a 100-year frequency storm.

Runoff produced on the project site will be calculated for the 100-year storm event using the methodology outlined in the San Diego County Hydrology Manual. Runoff will be calculated using the Rational Method, which is given by the following equation:

$$Q = C \times I \times A$$

Where:

Q = Flow rate in cubic feet per second (cfs)

C = Runoff coefficient

I = Rainfall Intensity in inches per hour (in/hr)

A = Drainage basin area in acres, (ac)

Soil Type – Hydrologic soil group D was assumed for all areas as this is the prevalent soil group near the project site as can be seen in the Soil Hydrologic Groups map provided in the appendix. Group D soils have very slow infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted. Consisting chiefly of clay soils with a high swelling potential, soils with a high permanent water table, soils with clay pan or clay layer at or near the surface, and shallow soils over nearly impervious materials, Group D soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Runoff Coefficient – In accordance with the County of San Diego standards, pervious areas were assigned a runoff coefficient of C=0.35, based on the type D soils. Where a sub-basin consists of a mixture of pervious and impervious surfaces, a weighted runoff coefficient was calculated using the following equation, based on Section 3.1.2 of the manual:

$$C = 0.90 \text{ x (\% Impervious)} + 0.35 \text{ x (1 - \% Impervious)}$$

A summary of the runoff coefficient calculations are contained in the following table.

Condition	Nodes		Areas (ac)	%	Wainband C	
Condition	inodes	Total	Pervious	Impervious	Impervious	Weighted C
	203-205	1.34	0.95	0.39	29	0.51
Existing	301-302	0.04	0.00	0.04	100	0.90
	302-303	0.67	0.31	0.36	46	0.60
	101-106	0.87	0.51	0.36	49	0.62
	110-117	2.78	1.37	1.41	52	0.64
Dropood	201-207	3.15	1.49	1.66	56	0.66
Proposed	209-211	1.41	1.01	0.40	29	0.51
	301-302	0.04	0.00	0.04	100	0.90
	302-303	0.57	0.21	0.36	63	0.70

Rainfall intensity was calculated using the following equation, which is given in the Manual:

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$$I = 7.44 \times P_6 \times (Tc^{-0.645})$$

Where:

I = Rainfall Intensity in inches per hour (in/hr)

 $P_6$  = Rainfall in inches for the 6-hour storm event

Tc = Time of concentration in minutes

Time of concentration was calculated for overland flow areas (sheet drainage) using the equation developed by the Federal Aviation Administration, which is given as:

$$Tc = [1.8 \times (1.1 - C) \times (L^{1/2})] / (S^{1/3})$$

Where:

Tc = Time of concentration in minutes

C = Runoff coefficient

L = Length of travel of runoff in feet

S = Slope in percent

The minimum time of concentration used for runoff calculations was based on Table 3-2 of the Manual. Relevant excerpts from the Manual are given in the appendix.

Time of travel in the drain and drainage channels was calculated using the Manning equation. For HDPE storm drains, a Manning "n" value of 0.012 was selected, while for RCP storm drains a Manning "n" value of 0.013 was used. For brow ditches, a Manning "n" of 0.015 was used.

To perform a node-link study, the total watershed area is divided into sub-areas which discharge at designated nodes.

The procedure for the sub-area summation model is as follows:

- (1) Subdivide the watershed into an initial sub-area (generally 1 lot) and subsequent sub-areas, which are generally less than 10 acres in size. Assign upstream and downstream node numbers to each sub-area.
- (2) Estimate an initial  $T_c$  by using the appropriate nomograph or overland flow velocity estimation.
- (3) Using the initial  $T_c$ , determine the corresponding values of I. Then Q = CIA.
- (4) Using Q, estimate the travel time between this node and the next by Manning's equation as applied to particular channel or conduit linking the two nodes. Then, repeat the calculation for Q based on the revised intensity (which is a function of the revised time of concentration)

The nodes are joined together by links, which may be street gutter flows, drainage swales, drainage ditches, pipe flow, or various channel flows. The AES-2004a computer sub-area menu is as follows:

#### SUBAREA HYDROLOGIC PROCESS

- 1. Confluence analysis at node.
- 2. Initial sub-area analysis (including time of concentration calculation).
- 3. Pipe flow travel time (computer estimated).
- 4. Pipe flow travel time (user specified).
- 5. Trapezoidal channel travel time.
- 6. Street flow analysis through sub-area.
- 7. User-specified information at node.
- 8. Addition of sub-area runoff to main line.
- 9. V-gutter flow through area.
- 10. Copy main stream data to memory bank
- 11. Confluence main stream data with a memory bank
- 12. Clear a memory bank

At the confluence point of two or more basins, the following procedure is used to combine peak flow rates to account for differences in the basin's times of concentration. This adjustment is based on the assumption that each basin's hydrographs are triangular in shape.

(1). If the collection streams have the same times of concentration, then the Q values are directly summed,

$$Q_p = Q_a + Q_b; T_p = T_a = T_b$$

- (2). If the collection streams have different times of concentration, the smaller of the tributary Q values may be adjusted as follows:
- (i). The most frequent case is where the collection stream with the longer time of concentration has the larger Q. The smaller Q value is adjusted by a ratio of rainfall intensities.

$$Q_{_{p}}=\,Q_{_{b}}+\,Q_{_{\alpha}}(I_{_{b}}\!/I_{_{\alpha}});\,T_{_{p}}=\,T_{_{\alpha}}$$

(ii). In some cases, the collection stream with the shorter time of concentration has the larger Q. Then the smaller Q is adjusted by a ratio of the T values.

$$Q_p = Q_b + Q_a (T_b/T_a); T_p = T_b$$

#### **DETENTION BASIN SIZING**

To mitigate for the increased peak flows due to the development, three detention basins are proposed. The required volumes of the detention basins were determined as follows:

- 1) The inflow hydrograph for the peak discharge of the 100-year 6-hour storm event was calculated using the Rational Method Hydrograph program developed by Rick Engineering.
- 2) The maximum outflow from the detention basin was determined based on the allowable downstream peak discharge.
- 3) Determine Stage/Storage/Discharge table based on basin geometry and proposed outlet structure.
- 4) The outflow hydrograph was developed through the use of the Hydraulic Elements II Retarding Basin Routing version 10.0 developed by AES.

Calculations and results of the detention basin sizing can be found in Appendix 3.

#### DETENTION BASIN OUTLET DESIGN

The detention basin outlets consist of round orifice openings in the side of a grated catch basin. The size and elevation of the orifice openings and the elevation of the grate inlet have been designed such that the 100-year water surface elevation will not reach the grate inlet, and the orifice openings will release runoff at rates at or below the existing condition peak flows. The grate inlets will serve as emergency overflows in the event of the clogging of one or more of the orifice openings. To determine the rate of release for various depths within the detention basin, orifice calculations were performed. Flow discharged through an orifice was calculated using the orifice equation, given as:

 $Qo = Co x Ao x (2 x g x Ho)^{1/2}$ 

Where:

Qo = Flow rate through the orifice in cfs

Co = Coefficient accounting for entrance loss to the orifice (0.6 assumed)

Ao = Area of the orifice in square feet

g = Gravitational acceleration equal to 32.2 feet per second per second

Ho = Head acting on the orifice in feet

Results of these calculations can be found in the appendix.

# CALCULATIONS/RESULTS

# **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

Calculations were performed on the existing drainage patterns on the project site to determine the current discharge during a storm event. These calculations were performed based on the 100-year 6 hour storm event. The following table summarizes the peak

discharge for each storm event at the basin discharge points. Please refer to the Existing 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit, and the hydrology calculations can be found in Appendix 2.

Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
		Q (cfs)	T <sub>c</sub> (min)
1	7.92	13.7	10.9
2	4.28	9.2	9.2
3	0.71	3.4	5.5
4	0.85	1.7	8.4
5	1.01	2.2	7.7

#### PROPOSED CONDITIONS

To analyze the effects of the proposed development on the downstream channels and storm drain system, an analysis of the proposed storm drain system was performed. These calculations were also performed based on the 100-year 6 hour storm event. The following table lists the peak discharge for each storm event at the basin discharge points. As can be seen in the table, The peak discharge in Basin 1 and 2 will increase due to development, while the peak discharge from Basins 3, 4 and 5 will decrease. Please refer to the Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit, and the hydrology calculations can be found in Appendix 2.

Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
		Q (cfs)	T <sub>c</sub> (min)
1	8.73	22.1	9.4
2	5.10	17.3	6.8
3	0.61	3.3	5.5
4	0.15	0.4	6.3
5	0.18	0.5	4.8

The increased discharge from the project site in Basins 1 and 2 is due primarily to the increased amount of impervious area. To mitigate this effect, peak detention basins will be constructed at nodes 117 in Basin 1 and node 211 in Basin 2. As described previously, these will be multi-function basins which will also provide storm water treatment as extended detention basin and hydromodification flow control. Please refer to the Preliminary Hydromodification Management Study and Storm Water Management Plan for further discussion of these aspects of the IMPs. The detention basin at node 117 in Basin 1 has been designated as IMP 1.1, and the detention basin at node 211 in Basin 2 has been designated as IMP 2. There is also an IMP located at node 107 in Basin 1 (IMP 1.2); however, this basin is sized for storm water treatment and hydromodification flow control only, and not for peak detention. The detention basins have been sized to limit the peak discharge from Basins 1 and 2 to pre-development levels for the 100-year storm. The design and functioning of the detention basin will be discussed further in the following section. The following table lists the peak discharges from Basins 1 and 2 after accounting for the detentions basins, which are a slight decrease from existing conditions.

1	Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
			Q (cfs)	T <sub>c</sub> (min)
1	1	8.73	11.6	9.4
	2	5.10	8.5	6.8

#### **DETENTION BASIN**

To mitigate the increased discharge in Basins 1 and 2, detention basins will be provided at node 117 (IMP 1.1) and node 211 (IMP 2). IMP 1.1 will collect and detain runoff from the northeasterly portion of Basin 1, and outlet to the existing hillside to the west. In order to prevent erosion of this hillside, a level spreader will be constructed at the outlet of this basin to mimic the existing sheet flow conditions. IMP 2 will collect and detain runoff from the northerly portion of Basin 2. This basin will outlet to the existing storm drain system which crosses Via Ambiente to the east. The detention basins have been sized so that the existing 100-year peak flow rate will be matched at discharge points of the basins. Thus, the proposed development will not increase the 100-year discharge to adjacent properties.

Post-developed flow at the discharge point of Basin 1, with no detention, has been calculated to be 22.1 cfs, an increase of 8.4 cfs over existing conditions. To mitigate this increase, discharge from IMP 1.1 will be limited to a maximum of 0.9 cfs, a decrease of 11cfs. When accounting for detention, the peak flow from Basin 1 will therefore be 11.6 cfs, which is slightly lower than the existing condition.

To provide this level of mitigation, IMP 1.1 has been designed as a 0.34 ac-ft detention basin. The detention basin has 2:1 side slopes and will accept flow from the storm drain system to the northeast and the slopes to the east. The bottom of the basin is at an elevation of 1090.75. The basin will discharge through a series of orifice openings, which have been sized for the multi-function nature of the basin. A 1" diameter orifice will be provided at the bottom of the pond, a 7" diameter orifice will be provided at a depth of 4.0', and an additional 4" orifice will be provided at a depth of 5.0'. During the 100-year storm event, the basin will fill to a depth of approximately 4.7 feet. At this depth, the outflow from the basin through the outlet structure will be 0.9 cfs. If the outlet orifices become clogged, an emergency overflow will be provided in the form of a grated catch basin, with a grate elevation of 1096.25. The emergency overflow will be designed to pass the undetained 100-year peak flow of 11.3 cfs.

Post-developed flow at the discharge point of Basin 2, with no detention, has been calculated to be 17.3 cfs, an increase of 8.1 cfs over existing conditions. To mitigate this increase, discharge from IMP 1.1 will be limited to a maximum of 4.4 cfs, a decrease of 8.8 cfs. When accounting for detention, the peak flow from Basin 1 will therefore be 8.5 cfs, which is slightly lower than the existing condition.

To provide this level of mitigation, IMP 2 has been designed as a 0.33 ac-ft detention basin. The sides of the detention basin will be plantable retaining walls with a 0.25:1 batter and will accept flow from the concrete ditches to the west of the basin. The bottom of the basin is at an elevation of 1070. The basin will discharge through a series of orifice openings, which have been sized for the multi-function nature of the basin. A 1" diameter

orifice will be provided at the bottom of the pond, an 8" diameter orifice will be provided at a depth of 4.0', and an additional 8" orifice will be provided at a depth of 5.0'. During the 100-year storm event, the basin will fill to a depth of approximately 6.6 feet. At this depth, the outflow from the basin through the outlet structure will be 4.4 cfs. If the outlet orifices become clogged, an emergency overflow will be provided in the form of a grated catch basin, with a grate elevation of 1076.60. The emergency overflow will be designed to pass the undetained 100-year peak flow of 13.2 cfs.

Refer to Appendix 3 for detailed detention basin calculations and schematic details of the outlet structures.

# CONCLUSION

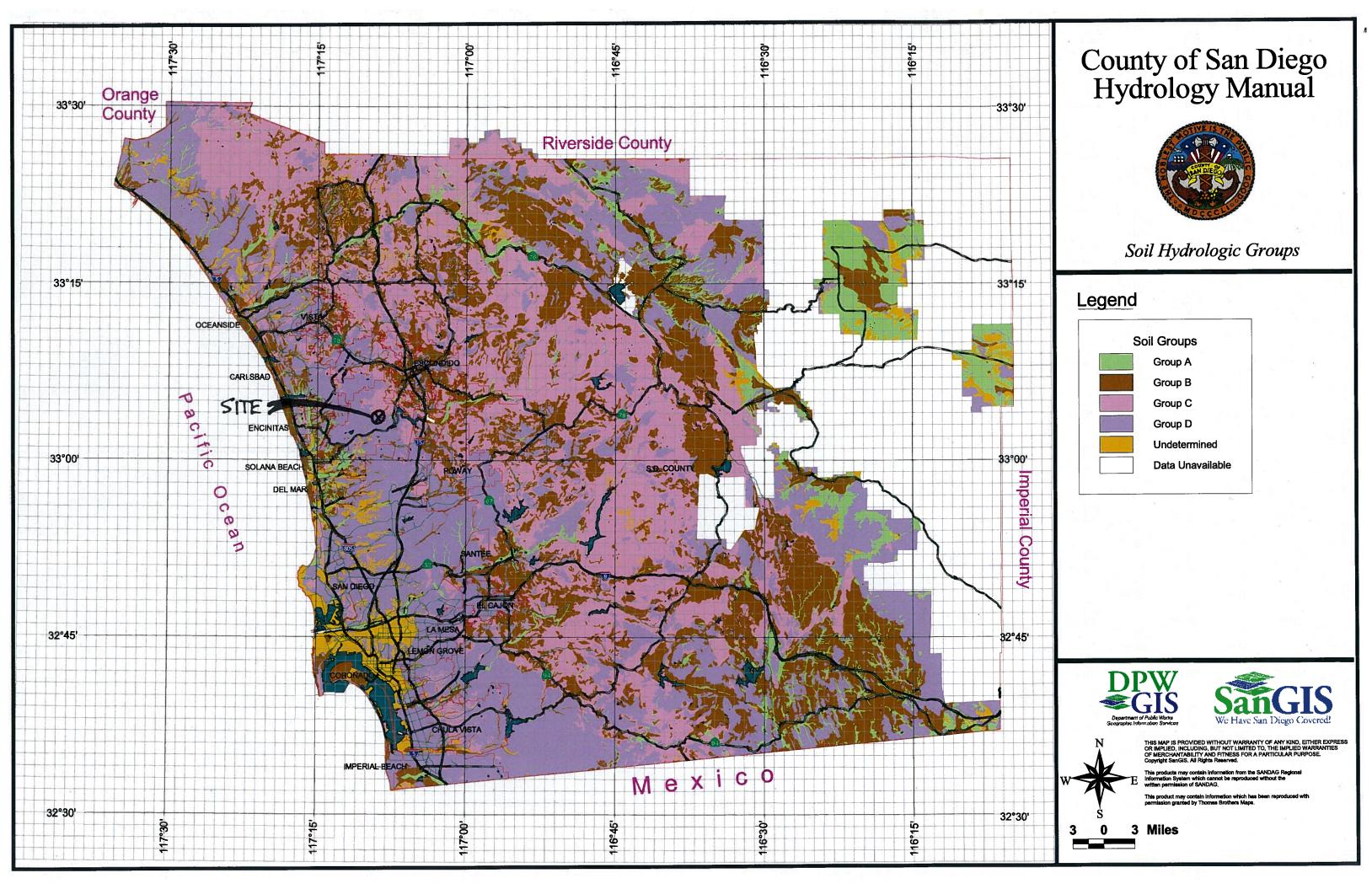
The storm drain system for Rancho Cielo Parcel 'H' has been designed for the 100-year storm event. Due to the impervious areas included in the proposed residential development, discharges from both Basins 1 and 2 will increase from the existing condition to the proposed condition. Two peak detention basins have been provided in these basins to limit the peak discharge to the existing peak discharge before exiting the project site. The following table summarizes the existing and proposed 100-year peak runoff for the drainage basins within the project site.

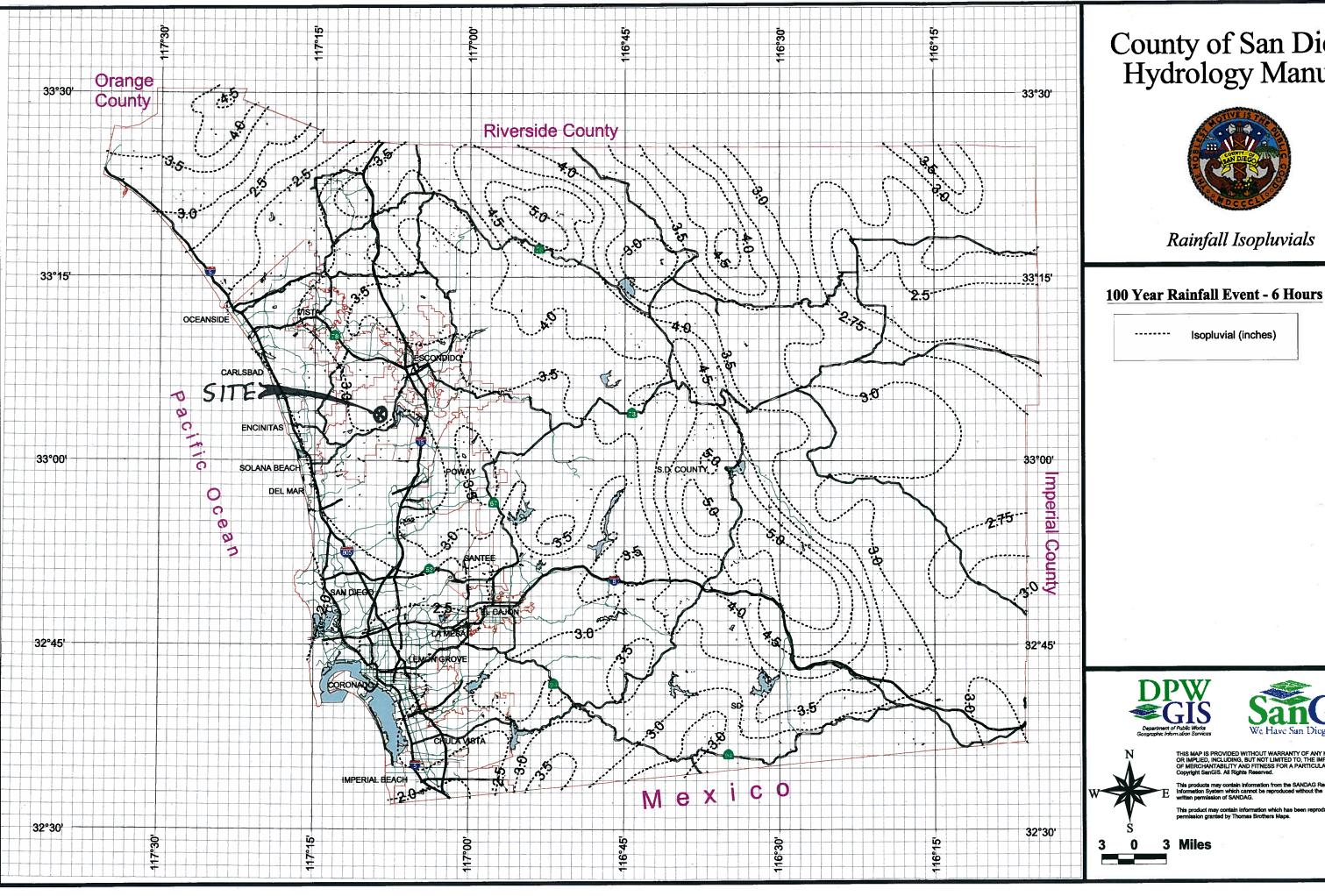
D :	Existing Q(100)	Proposed Q (100)
Basin	(cfs)	(cfs)
1	13.7	11.6
2	9.2	8.5
3	3.4	3.3
4	1.7	0.4
5	2.2	0.5

For discussions of the hydromodification and storm water quality aspects of the project, please refer to the Preliminary Hydromodification Management Study and the Storm Water Management Plan, respectively.

# **APPENDIX 1**

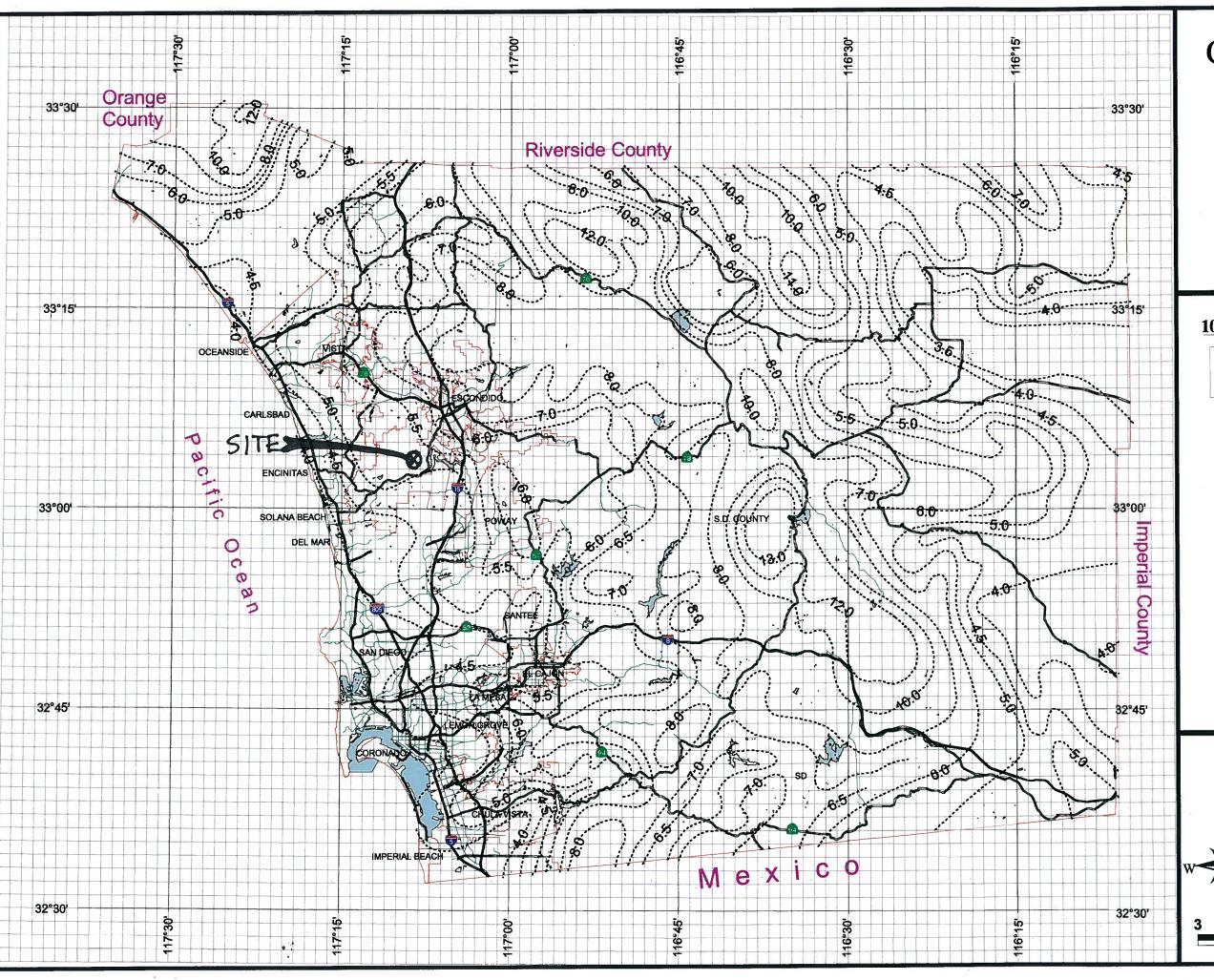
Excerpts from County Hydrology Manual





# County of San Diego Hydrology Manual





# County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

100 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours

Isopluvial (inches)











(1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included



7.44 P6 D-0.645 = Intensity (in/hr) EQUATION

P6 = 6-Hour Previews D = Duration (min)

3.0

4.0

2.0

6-Hour Precipitation (in)

the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicable to Desert). (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.

(2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within

in the Design and Procedure Manual).

(4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.

(5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

# Application Form:

(a) Selected frequency 100 year

P<sub>6</sub> in.,  $P_{24} =$  **6.3** 3.1 = 9 (a)

%(2)

(c) Adjusted  $P_6^{(2)} = 31$ 

6-Hour Precipitation (inches) 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5

1.0

Intensity (inches/hour)

0.8 0.7 0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

(d) t<sub>x</sub> =

in./hr. = | (a)

3.5

3.0 2.5 2.0

1.5

1.0

Note: This chart replaces the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves used since 1965.

P6	-	1.5	2	2.5	က	3.5	4	4.5	S	5.5	9
Duration	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
2	2.63	0		6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8 48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	·ιΩ		4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	.4.20	4.67		5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.66	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	69.0	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76		3.45	3.79	#.13
20	09.0	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
09	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65		3.18
06	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	84	2.04	2.25	54
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1.19	1.36	1.53	1.70	1.87	2.0.1
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.25	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.5
240	0.25	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	99.0	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	Ξ
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.12	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.8.1	0.92	1.00

# Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template

Hours

Duration 20

40

Minutes

5

9 10 ω

9 S

0.2

# **APPENDIX 2**

**Hydrology Calculations** 

100-Year Storm

**Existing Conditions** 



6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com Job Name: Rancho Cielo Parcel H

Job #: 02711-001-01 Date: 2/28/2011

AES File Name: RCFX#

RCEX# Page 1

		AES	Elev 1	Elev 2	Basin	Land	Runoff /	Basin	Description or
Node t	o Node	Code	(feet)	(feet)	Length	Use	Friction	Area	Comments
			(Upstream)	(Downstream)	(feet)	Code	Coeff.	(ac.)	
Basin 1									
101	102	2	1,166.6	1,154.0	100.0	58	0.35	0.06	
102	103	5	1,154.0	1,092.0	240.0				
102	103	8				58	0.35	1.03	
103	104	5	1,092.0	971.0	539.0				
103	104	8				58	0.35	6.83	
Basin 2									
201	202	2	1,166.6	1,157.0	100.0	58	0.35	0.09	
202	205	5	1,157.0	1,072.0	393.0				
202	205	8				58	0.35	2.85	
205	205	1							1 OF 2
203	204	2	1,126.0	1,123.0	95.0	4	0.51	0.14	
204	205	6	1,123.0	1,072.0	732.0	4	0.51	1.2	
205	205	1							2 OF 2
Basin 3									
301	302	2	1,160.5	1,159.2	95.0	7	0.9	0.04	
302	303	6	1,159.2	1,126.0	674.0	7	0.6	0.67	
		ļ							
Basin 4									
401	402	2	1,146.0	1,135.0	100.0	58	0.35	0.07	
402	403	5	1,135.0	1,079.0	285.0	5.0	0.05	0.70	
402	403	8				58	0.35	0.78	
		<u> </u>							
D : 5		1							
Basin 5	500	-	1 1 40 0	1 105 0	100.0	<i>-</i>	0.05	0.00	
501	502	2	1,140.0	1,125.0	100.0	58	0.35	0.08	
502	503	5	1,125.0	1,084.0	199.0	<i>-</i>	0.05	0.00	
502	503	8				58	0.35	0.93	
		+							
		1							
		+							
		+							
		+							
		+							

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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                        *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY EXISTING CONDITIONS BASIN 1
* 02-22-11 02711-001-01
 ***********************
  FILE NAME: RCEX1.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:38 02/23/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
  SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL C -VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD ROTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNI WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT LIP HIKE FACTO
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                               MANNING
                                                                                      HIKE FACTOR
                                                                      (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                          (FT)
                                                                                                   (n)
                =========
                               0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                           0.67
                                                                       2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
        30.0
                    20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                                       100.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1166.60
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1154.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                12.60
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.061
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.15
                                     0.06
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                              TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                                     102.00 \text{ TO NODE} 103.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<
_____
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1154.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1092.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 240.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2583
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 240.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED: EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1828 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 0.15
                                                              Page 1
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RCEX1.TXT
  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.39 (PER LACCED/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.67
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 340.00 FEE
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.062
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.03 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = TC(MIN.) = 7.94
****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
______
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1092.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 971.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 539.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2245
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 539.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2245 SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED: EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1715 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 2.31 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 3.07 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.93 TC(MIN.) = 10.87 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 104.00 = 879.00 FEE
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.950
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.83 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.83

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.7
  TC(MIN.) =
                10.87
  END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
  IUIAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                       7.9 \text{ TC(MIN.)} =
                                                                10.87
                                     13.72
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```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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```

Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                    *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY EXISTING CONDITIONS BASIN 2
* 02-22-11 02711-001-01
 ***************
  FILE NAME: RCEX2.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:06 02/22/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
O. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)
NO.
                =======
                                                        =====
                              0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                        0.67
                                                                    2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
       30.0
                   20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
   OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
  INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1166.60
  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1157.00
  ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                               9.60
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.999
                                   0.22
  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1157.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1072.00
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =
                                                    393.00
                                                                 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2163
  SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED:
  SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED:

EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1681 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)

NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.22

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.30 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
                                                           Page 1
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```
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.85 Tc(MIN.) = 9.20 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 209.00
                                                                             205.00 =
                                                                                               493 00 FFFT
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
    100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.510
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
   OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
  SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.85 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
   TC(MIN.) =
**************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.51
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.94
   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                                  5.67
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 204.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
______
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  **VSER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

RESIDENTAIL (4.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5100

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 95.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1123.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00
  ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.056

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.541

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.47

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
***********
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1123.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1072.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 732.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
   SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
                                                                                               0.0200
  **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.22
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.84
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.24
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.52 TC(MIN.) =
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.370
**USED SDECTETED(SURAPEA)*
      **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                                                               2.11
                                                                                        9.58
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITIONS, SERVICE SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (4.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5100
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.510
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.20
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.3

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = Page 2
                                                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                     Page 2
```

#### RCEX2.TXT

```
END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.53 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.24 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 205.00 = 827.00 FEET.
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
  >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.58

RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.37

TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.34
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                3.67
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM
              RUNOFF
                             TC
                                      INTENSITY
                                                       AREA
  NUMBER
               (CFS)
5.67
                           (MIN.)
                                     (INCH/HOUR)
5.510
                                                      (ACRE)
                           9.20
                                                         2.94
      1
                3.67
                           9.58
                                        5.370
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
  CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM
                                     INTENSITY
              RUNOFF
                           TC
               (CFS)
9.20
                          (MIN.)
                                    (INCH/HOUR)
5.510
5.370
  NUMBER
                           `9.20<sup>°</sup>
      1
                          9.58
                 9.20
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.20 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.3
                                                         9.20
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 205.00 =
                                                                      827.00 FEET.
  END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                        =
                                     4.3 \text{ TC(MIN.)} =
                                                             9.20
                                 9.20
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)
______
_____
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                                  *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY EXISTING CONDITIONS BASIN 3 * 02-24-11 02711-001-01
 FILE NAME: RCEX3.DAT
   TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:56 02/24/2011
   USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
   2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
       HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
NO.
                  =========
                                  0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                                 0.67
                                                                             2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
         30.0
                      20.0
   GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
   RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.50
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1159.20
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                       1.30
   SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.723
WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
  WAKNING: INIIIAL SUBAKEA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.53
(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
TOTAL APER (ACRES) = 0.29
                                         0.04
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
**************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1159.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 674.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
```

Page 1

```
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
   DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
   SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
   STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
       **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.47

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.05

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.05

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.77 TC(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.684
                                                                                                           5.50
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOOK)
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6000
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.617
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.67
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                     SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.09
                                                                          PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.37
                                                            0.7 \text{ TC(MIN.)} =
                                                                                                     5.50
______
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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                         *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY EXISTING CONDITIONS BASIN 4
* 02-23-11 02711-001-01
 *************************
  FILE NAME: RCEX4.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:53 02/23/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
  SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL C -VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD ROTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNI WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT LIP HIKE FACTO
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                               MANNING
                                                                                       HIKE FACTOR
                                                                       (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                           (FT)
                                                                                                    (n)
                =========
                                                            0.67
                                0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                                       2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
        30.0
                    20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                                        100.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1146.00
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1135.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                 11.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.061
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.17
                                     0.07
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                               TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                                      402.00 \text{ TO NODE} 403.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
_____
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1135.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1079.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 285.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1965
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(LLT) - 203.00 CHANNEL SEC. E
SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED:
EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1582 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.17
                                                               Page 1
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RCEX4.TXT FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.23 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 403.00 = 385.00 FEE 385.00 FEET. \* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 403.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.845 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.60
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.7

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = TC(MIN.) = 8.40

END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES)

0.8 TC(MIN.) =8.40

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) 1.74

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
    Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

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********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                       *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY EXISTING CONDITIONS BASIN 5
* 02-23-11 02711-001-01
 *************************
  FILE NAME: RCEX5.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:58 02/23/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
  SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL C -VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD ROTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNI WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT LIP HIKE FACTO
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                              MANNING
                                                                                     HIKE FACTOR
                                                                      (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                          (FT)
                                                                                                  (n)
                =========
                               0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                           0.67
                                                                      2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
        30.0
                    20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 502.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                                       100.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1140.00
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1125.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                15.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.061
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20
                                     0.08
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                              TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                                      502.00 \text{ TO NODE} 503.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
_____
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1125.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1084.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 199.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2060
  SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED:

EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1630 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)

NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.20
                                                              Page 1
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RCEX5.TXT

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.26 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.47
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 503.00 = 299.00 FEE 299.00 FEET. \* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 503.00 IS CODE = 81 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.165 \*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA): OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.93 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = TC(MIN.) = 7.73 END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) 1.0 TC(MIN.) =7.73 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) 2.18

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

# 100-Year Storm Proposed Conditions



6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com Job Name: Rancho Cielo Parcel H

Job #: 02711-001-01 Date: 2/28/2011

AES File Name: RCPR#

RCPR# Page 1

Node t	o Node	AES Code	Elev 1 (feet) (Upstream)	Elev 2 (feet) (Downstream)	Basin Length (feet)	Land Use Code	Runoff / Friction Coeff.	Basin Area (ac.)	Description or Comments
Basin 1			(Opsiredin)	(Downstream)	(1001)	Codo	Coon.	(40.)	
101	102	2	1,142.0	1,137.0	100.0	7	0.62	0.06	
102	103	6	1,137.0	1,128.0	180.0	7	0.62	0.00	
103	106	3	1,124.2	1,123.8	37.0	/	0.02	0.21	
106	106	1	1,124.2	1,123.0	37.0				1 OF 2
100	100								1 01 2
104	105	2	1,139.0	1,137.0	80.0	7	0.62	0.09	
105	106	6	1,137.0	1,128.0	136.0	7	0.62	0.38	
106	106	1	,	,					2 OF 2
106	107	3	1,123.5	1,121.5	134.0				
106	107	8	,	,		58	0.35	0.14	
107	108	3	1,121.5	1,110.0	32.0				
108	109	5	1,110.0	1,092.0	86.0				
108	109	8	,	,		58	0.35	0.22	
109	119	5	1,092.0	971.0	539.0				
109	119	8	,			58	0.35	3.94	
119	119	10							MB #1
110	111	2	1,141.5	1,137.0	100.0	7	0.64	0.05	
111	112	6	1,137.0	1,122.0	453.0	7	0.64	0.94	
112	116	3	1,116.0	1,115.7	13.0				
116	116	1							1 OF 2
113	114	2	1,138.0	1,136.0	80.0	7	0.64	0.15	
114	115	6	1,136.0	1,122.0	372.0	7	0.64	1.23	
115	116	3	1,116.0	1,115.7	16.0				
116	116	1	,	,					2 OF 2
116	117	3	1,115.4	1,084.0	256.0				
116	117	8				7	0.64	0.41	
117	118	3	1,084.0	1,074.0	47.0				
118	119	5	1,074.0	971.0	444.0				
118	119	8				58	0.35	0.91	
119	119	11							Confluence with MB #1



6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com Job Name: Rancho Cielo Parcel H

Job #: 02711-001-01

Date: 2/28/2011

AES File Name: RCPR#

Page 2

		AES	Elev 1	Elev 2	Basin	Land	Runoff /	Basin	Description or
Node t	o Node	Code	(feet)	(feet)	Length	Use	Friction	Area	Comments
			(Upstream)	(Downstream)	(feet)	Code	Coeff.	(ac.)	
Basin 2									
201	202	2	1,148.0	1,146.0	75.0	8	0.66	0.14	
202	203	6	1,146.0	1,136.0	325.0	8	0.66	1.09	
203	207	3	1,132.0	1,131.6	17.0				
207	207	1							1 OF 2
204	205	2	1,148.0	1,146.0	75.0	8	0.66	0.18	
205	206	6	1,146.0	1,136.0	332.0	8	0.66	1.42	
206	207	3	1,132.0	1,131.6	20.0				
207	207	1							2 OF 2
207	208	3	1,131.3	1,123.0	195.0				
208	211	9	1,123.0	1,084.0	124.0	58	0.35	0.32	
208	211	8				58	0.35	0.56	
211	211	1							1 OF 2
209	210	2	1,126.0	1,123.0	95.0	4	0.51	0.12	
210	211	6	1,123.0	1,072.0	732.0	4	0.51	1.29	
211	211	1	·	·					2 OF 2
Basin 3									
301	302	2	1,160.5	1,159.2	95.0	7	0.9	0.04	
302	303	6	1,159.2	1,126.0	674.0	7	0.7	0.57	
			·	·					
Basin 4									
403	404	2	1,128.0	1,124.0	20.0	58	0.35	0.08	
404	402	5			230.0				
402	402	1	·						1 of 2
401	402	2	1,093.0	1,079.0	100.0	58	0.35	0.07	
402	402	1							2 of 2
Basin 5									
501	502	2	1,124.0	1,114.0	50.0	58	0.35	0.03	
502	503	9	1,114.0	1,108.0	150.0	58	0.35	0.15	
403 404 402 401 402 Basin 5 501	402 402 402 402 502	5 1 2 1	1,124.0	1,114.0	230.0	58	0.35	0.07	

\*

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                         *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY PROPOSED CONDITIONS BASIN 1
* 02-24-11 02711-001-01
 ***************
  FILE NAME: RCPR1.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:15 02/25/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
NO.
                =======
                                0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                           0.67
                                                                       2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
        30.0
                    20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6200 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                                        100.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1142.00
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                  5.00
   SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
    100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.112
                                       0.30
   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                     0.06
                                              TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1128.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 180.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
```

Page 1

### RCPR1.TXT

```
SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
     **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                                                  0.79
     STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20
     HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.86
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.96
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.62 TC(MIN.) =
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.531
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.620
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.21
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.98
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.31
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.98
                                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.53 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.13 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.93 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 280.00 FEET.
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
______
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1124.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1123.80 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 37.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.29 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.26
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 TC(MIN.) =
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE
                                                                    5.81
                                                                  106.00 =
                                                                                    317.00 FEET.
********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.81 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.41
  RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.4
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.27
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
            *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6200 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
  INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1139.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.694

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.511

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.42

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.09 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
**************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1128.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 136.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
```

```
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20
  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
```

```
RCPR1.TXT
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
     **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
     STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
                                                   2.00
     AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =
  PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.11

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.41 Tc(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.185
                                                                               6.10
  RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6200 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.620 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.38 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.69
                                                      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.28 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.73 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 106.00 = 216.00 FEET.
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE
  >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
______
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.10
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.18
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.47

DEAK = LOW PART (CSES) = 0.47
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                           2.09
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM
              RUNOFF
                                   Tc
                                              INTENSITY
                                                                    AREA
                  (CFS)
1.26
                                 (MIN.)
                                             (INCH/HOUR)
                                                                  (ACRE)
                                 5.81
                                                 7.410
                    2.09
                                 6.10
                                                  7.185
  CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\* STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) NUMBER (CFS) (INCH/HOUR) 3.26 5.81 7.410

NUMBER

1

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.32 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7 6.10 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 106.00 =

\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 107.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<

\_\_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1123.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1121.50 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 134.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.34 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.32 NUMBER OF PIPES = PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.32 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.35 TC(MIN.) = 6.45 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 107.00 = 451.00 FEET.

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**************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 107.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.929
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5770

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
  TC(MIN.) =
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 107.00 TO NODE 108.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
______
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1121.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1110.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 32.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 19.96 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.52 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(MIN.) = 6.48 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 108.00 = 483.00 FEET.
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 109.00 IS CODE = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
               ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1110.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1092.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 86.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2093
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 88.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2093 SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED: EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1647 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 3.52 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 3.45 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.41 TC(MIN.) = 6.89 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 109.00 = 569.00 FEE
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 109.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.639
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5316

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1092.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 971.00
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEE!) - SSLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED: EFFECTIVE SLOPE = .1715 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 3.88 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 3.64 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL) TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.47 TC(MIN.) = 9.36 LONGFST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 119.00 = 1108.00 FEE
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 539.00
                                                                CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2245
**************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
```

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```
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.451
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
   OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER ROHOFF COLLITER - 15555

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3896

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.94 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.0 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
   TC(MIN.) = 9.36
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 10
  >>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
*************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>>>RATIONAL MEINOL INITIAL

**USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6400

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1141.50

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 4.50

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.952

WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 97.50

(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168

NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.26

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.26
______
**************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 62
   >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<>>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <>>>>
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1137.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1122.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 453.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
   DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
   SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
   STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
       **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
       STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.03

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.52

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.01

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.15 TC(MIN.) = 1.00

YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.516
                                                                                                          7.10
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITION, 1000, *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6400
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.640
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.94 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL APEA(ACRES) = 1.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                                                                 3.92
   END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.72 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.98 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.34 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 553.00 FEET.
**************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 31
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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1116.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1115.70 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 13.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
  DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.88 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER
                                                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(MIN.) = 0.03 TC MIN.) = 0.04 NODE
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                           110.00 TO NODE
                                                                     116.00 =
                                                                                       566.00 FEET.
**********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.13
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.50
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.99
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                           4.13
**************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 114.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
            _____
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6400 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
  INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1138.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1136.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00
                                                        80.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.457

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.720

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.74

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.15 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 114.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<
_____
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1136.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1122.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 372.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
  INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
     **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                                                    3.34
     STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31
     HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.00
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.25
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.55 TC(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.570
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUN) - 0....
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6400
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.640
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.23
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.4
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.36   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.13
                                                             Page 6
```

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*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1116.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1115.70 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 16.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
  DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 7
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.02
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(M
                                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(MIN.) = LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE
                                           Tc(MIN.) =
                                                             7.04
                                                           116.00 =
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
  >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.04
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.55
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.38
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                   5.80
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM
              RUNOFF
                              TC
                                        TNTFNSTTY
                                                          ARFA
                (CFS)
4.13
  NUMBER
                            (MIN.)
                                       (INCH/HOUR)
6.500
                                                         (ACRE)
                                                            0.99
      2
                            7.13
                            7.04
                 5.80
                                           6.550
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR \ 2\ STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                       TC (MIN.)
  STREAM
            RUNOFF
                                       INTENSITY
  NUMBER
                (CFS)
9.88
                                     (INCH/HOUR)
                            7.04
                                      6.550
      1
                            7.13
                 9.89
                                         6.500
  COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.89 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.4
                                                          7.13
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE
                                                         116.00 =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 117.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1115.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1084.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 256.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 18.36 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.89 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.23 TC(MIN.) = 7.36 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 117.00 = 822.00 FEE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 117.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.366
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6400
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6400
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.41 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.6
                                                     Page 7
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                              2.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                              11.33
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
  TC(MIN.) = 7.36
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 117.00 TO NODE 118.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1084.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1074.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 47.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 23.27 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.33 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(MIN.) =
                                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 TC(MIN.) = LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE
                                                      7.39
                                                   118.00 =
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 118.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 53
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL MOUNTAIN CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
                                                                        971.00
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1074.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 444.00
                                                   CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.2320
  SLOPE ADJUSTMENT CURVE USED:
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 5.24 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)

TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.41 TC(MIN.) = 8.80

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 119.00 = 1313.00 FEE
                                                                  1313 00 FFFT
************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 118.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
   100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.671
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER ROHOFF COLLITERIN - 15500

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5685

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.91 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                              1.81
                                                               11.90
  TC(MIN.) =
                8.80
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<
  ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
                        TC
(MIN.)
  STREAM
             RUNOFF
                                  INTENSITY
             (CFS)
                                 (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
  NUMBER
               11.90
                                    5.671
                         8.80
                                                  3.69
                                 110.00 TO NODE
                                                     119.00 =
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                                                  1313.00 FEET.
  ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSI
  STREAM
                        TC
(MIN.)
                                   INTENSITY
                                                  ARFA
                                  (INCH/HOUR)
  NUMBER
             (CFS)
                                               (ACRE)
                                 5.451 5.04
101.00 TO NODE 119.00 =
              10.70
                         9.36
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
           RUNOFF
(CFS)
21.96
  STREAM
                          TC
                                  INTENSITY
                                 (INCH/HOUR)
5.671
                        (MIN.)
  NUMBER
                          8.80
      1
             22.14
                                       5.451
  COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.14 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.7
                                                     9.36
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
______
  END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                                  8.7 \text{ TC(MIN.)} =
                                                         9.36
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                              22.14
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355

Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

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********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                 *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY PROPOSED CONDITIONS BASIN 2
* 02-24-11 02711-001-01
 FILE NAME: RCPR2.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:13 02/24/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
  SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL C -VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD ROTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNI WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGH LIP HIKE FACTO
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                        MANNING
                                                                                HIKE FACTOR
                                                                 (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                      (FT)
                                                                                            (n)
               ========
                             0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                       0.67
                                                                  2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
       30.0
                   20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
   OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6600 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
  INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1148.00
  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1146.00
  ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                              2.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                                       4.946
    100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.75
                                  0.14
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                           TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                                   202.00 TO NODE
                                                         203.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<>>>
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1146.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1136.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 325.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
```

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RCPR2.TXT
  OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
     **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                                             3.26
     STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
     STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32
  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.84

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.66

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.17

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.48 TC(MIN.) = 1.00 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.946
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.00
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.45
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.14 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 203.00 = 400.00 FEET.
********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1132.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1131.60 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 17.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.65 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.64
                           ______
  PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
  PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.64
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03
                                              Tc(MIN.) =
                                       201.00 TO NODE
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                                               207.00 =
                                                                               417.00 FEET.
*********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
           TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.46
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.92
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.23
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                      5.64
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
_____
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6600 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
  INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1148.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1146.00

ELEVATION DIEFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00
                                                    75.00
  ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.946

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168

NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.97

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                         TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                          0.97
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<
______
```

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RCPR2.TXT
    UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1146.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1136.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 332.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
    DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
    SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
    STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
         **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
         STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
         STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34
    HALFSTREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.12
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.83
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.32
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.44 TC(MIN.) =
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.973
    *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
    RESIDENTAIL (24. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6600 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.660 SUBAREA REA(ACRES) = 1.42 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.4
                                                                                       SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.54
    TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                                                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
    END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.39 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.01
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.32 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 206.00 = 407.00 FEE
                                                                                                                                                     407.00 FEET.
************
    FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 31
    >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
    ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1132.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1131.60 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 20.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
    DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.74 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER
                                                                                                         NUMBER OF PIPES =
    PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.36
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04
                                                                                   Tc(MIN.) =
                                                                       204.00 TO NODE
    LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                                                                                                       207.00 =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 1
    >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
    >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
                                                       -----
    TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
    CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
    TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.43
RATNFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.95
    RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.95
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.60
    PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
    ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
    STREAM
                              RUNOFF
                                                             TC
                                                                                 INTENSITY
                                                                                                                     AREA
                                 (CFS)
                                                         (MIN.)
    NUMBER
                                                                               (INCH/HOUR)
                                                                                                                   (ACRE)
                                                                                     6.923
                                                         6.46
                                                                                                                         1.23
                                   5.64
                                   7.36
                                                         6.43
                                                                                      6.946
    RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
    ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
    STREAM
                              RUNOFF
                                                          TC
                                                                              INTENSITY
                                (CFS)
12.97
                                                      (MIN.)
6.43
                                                                         (INCH/HOUR)
6.946
6.923
    NUMBER
             1
                                 12.98
                                                     6.46
    COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 12.98 Tc(MIN.) =
                                                                                                                         6.46
```

### RCPR2.TXT

```
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                                     207 00 =
                                                                                        427 00 FFFT
*******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 208.00 IS CODE = 31
  >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
               -----
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1131.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1123.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 195.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
  DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 13.36
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.98
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24 TC(MIN.)
                                                        9.7 INCHES
                                                            NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
  PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24 Tc(MIN.) = LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE
                                                                          6.70
                                                                        208.00 =
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 208.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 91
  >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
______
  UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 1123.00
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 1084.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 124.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.500
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.100 MANNING'S N = .0150
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.698
*USER SPECTETED(SUBARFA):
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER KUNDEF CUEFFICIENT = .5500

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 13.35

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 21.29

AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00

"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 TC(MIN.) = 6.80

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.32 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.7

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.629

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.1 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                                          0.75
                                                          PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                         3.1
                                                                                                  13.26
             NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH
             IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)
  END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 21.29 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 10.64

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 211.00 = 746.00 FEE
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 208.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 81
  >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
    100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.698
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
   OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5300

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5865

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.56 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
   TC(MIN.) =
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 211.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
_____
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.80
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.70
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.71
   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                            14.57
********************
```

```
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  RESIDENTAIL (4.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5100
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                                              95.00
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1123.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.00
                                                     3.00
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.541 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.40 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS)
                                                   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1123.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1072.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 732.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
  INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
                                                                                                        0.0150
  **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.34

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.84

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.25

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.52 TC(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.371

*USER SPECTETED(SUBARFA):
                                                                                             2.17
                                                                                       9.58
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (4.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5100
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.510

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.29

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.53
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.78
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.26 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.59
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 209.00 TO NODE 211.00 = 827.00 FEET.
***************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 211.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
  >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.58
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.37
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.41
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                                 3.86
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                   RUNOFF
  STREAM
                                       TC
                                                    INTENSITY
                                                                           AREA
                    (CFS)
14.57
                                     (MIN.)
                                                  (INCH/HOUR)
  NUMBER
                                                                          (ACRE)
                                                       6.698
5.371
                                    6.80
                                                                              3.71
        1
         2
                      3.86
                                    9.58
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
   ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STRFAM
                  RUNOFF
                                                  INTENSITY
                                     TC
```

RCPR2.TXT

NUMBER 1 2	(CFS) 17.32 15.55	(MIN.) 6.80 9.58	` 6.	/HOUR)	XZ. IXI		
PEAK FLOW TOTAL ARE	CONFLUENCE RATE(CFS) A(ACRES) =	= 17	7.32 .1	Tc(MIN.) =	= 6.80	227.0	.O. 5557
			209.0	O TO NODE	211.00 ======	= 827.0 	0 FEET.
TOTAL ARE	UDY SUMMARY A(ACRES) RATE(CFS)	_	5.1 17.32	TC(MIN.)	= 6.8	30	
========							
END OF RA	TIONAL METH	OD ANALYS	SIS				

\*

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

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********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                                   *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY PROPOSED CONDITIONS BASIN 3
* 02-24-11 02711-001-01
 ***************
   FILE NAME: RCPR3.DAT
   TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:54 02/24/2011
   USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
   2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
       HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
NO.
                  =========
                                   0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                                 0.67
                                                                              2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
         30.0
                      20.0
   GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
   RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.50
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1159.20
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                       1.30
   SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.723
WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
  WAKNING: INIIIAL SUBAKEA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.53
(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
TOTAL APEA(ACRES) - 0.04
                                         0.04
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*************************************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1159.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 674.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
```

```
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
    **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
```

RCPR3.TXT

STREET FLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.41

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.06

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.05

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.77 TC(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.689 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCIT) 1000.

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
RESIDENTAIL (14.5 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7000
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.713
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.57
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.6
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.07PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =

END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.6 TC(MIN.) = 3.34 \_\_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355

Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                           *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY PROPOSED CONDITIONS BASIN 4
* 02-24-11 02711-001-01
 ***********************
  FILE NAME: RCPR4.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:17 02/25/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNII
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                                 MANNING
                                                                                        HIKE FACTOR
                                                                        (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                            (FT)
                 _____
                                                                         2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
                                0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                             0.67
        30.0
                     20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 403.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1128.00
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1124.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                   4.00
   SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                                             2.803
  WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.168

NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.23
                                      0.08
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                               TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                                    0.23
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 404.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 52
  >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
______
  CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 124.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1079.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 230.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1957 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.23
```

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RCPR4.TXT
 ************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 3.61
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 8.17
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.08
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                 0.23
**************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 401.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 OPEN BROSH.

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 1

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1093.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1079.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 14.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1079.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 14.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267

WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 7.061

SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.17

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.07 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.17
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<
  >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
                          _____
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.27
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 7.06
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.07
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                                 0.17
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM
              RUNOFF
                             TC
                                       INTENSITY
                                                         AREA
                            (MIN.)
  NUMBER
                (CFS)
                                      (INCH/HOUR)
                                                        (ACRE)
                 0.23
                           3.61
                                         8.168
                                                           0.08
      2
                 0.17
                           6.27
                                         7.061
                                                           0.07
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR \ 2\ \text{STREAMS}.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM
              RUNOFF
                                      INTENSITY
                            Tc
                          (MIN.)
  NUMBER
                (CFS)
                                     (INCH/HOUR)
                 0.33
                           3.61
                                       8.168
                 0.37
  COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                  0.37 Tc(MIN.) =
                                                           6.27
                                 0.2
                                    403.00 TO NODE
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                                          402.00 =
                                                                        250.00 FEET.
  END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                                      0.2 TC(MIN.) =
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                              6.27
                                    0.37
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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
    Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355
```

Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

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********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
                                                                                                         *
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
* 100-YEAR HYDROLOGY PROPOSED CONDITIONS BASIN 5
* 02-25-11 02711-001-01
 ************************
  FILE NAME: RCPR5.DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:39 02/25/2011
  USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
  2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
  USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.100
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
  SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL C -VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD ROTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNI WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT LIP HIKE FACTO
      HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL:
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK-
(FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                                                                                MANNING
                                                                                       HIKE FACTOR
                                                                       (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
                                                           (FT)
                                                                                                    (n)
                 _____
                                0.018/0.018/0.020
                                                           0.67
                                                                       2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
        30.0
                    20.0
  GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

    Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
    OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 502.00 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
   *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
   S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
   INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1124.00
   DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1114.00
   ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                                10.00
   SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                                            4.431
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 4.451
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.11
                                     0.04
   TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                               TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                                  0.11
************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 503.00 IS CODE = 91
  >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
______
  UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 1114.00
  DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 1114.00
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 1108.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 150.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.500
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.100 MANNING'S N = .0150
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
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RCPR5.TXT

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MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168

NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.

*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

OPEN BRUSH FAIR COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.31

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.59

AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00

"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.33 TC(MIN.) = 4.76

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.40

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.51
```

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.59 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC) = 3.80

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 501.00 TO NODE 503.00 = 200.00 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.2 TC(MIN.) = 4.76

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.51

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

## **APPENDIX 3**

**Detention Basin Calculations** 

<u>Detention Basin: Basin 1.1</u> Q100 ln = 10.9 cfs Q100 Out = 2.8 cfs

Detention Basin Discharge

Outlet Perforations:	1 in. @ bottom	7 in. @	4	ft above bottom
Orifice Area, each outlet:	0.005 sq.ft.	0.267 sq.ft.		
		4 in. @	5	ft above bottom
		0.087 sq.ft.		

Stage, Discharge & Storage Table for Basin 1.1

Stage	Surface Area (sf)	Storage (cf)	Storage (Af)	Q Total
0	1629	0	0.000	0.00
0.5	1929	890	0.020	0.02
1	2241	1,935	0.044	0.03
1.5	2566	3,146	0.072	0.03
2	2902	4,531	0.104	0.04
2.5	3251	6,100	0.140	0.04
3	3613	7,863	0.181	0.05
3.5	3986	9,826	0.226	0.05
4	4372	12,002	0.276	0.05
4.5	4770	14,398	0.331	0.64
5	5180	17,023	0.391	1.14
5.5	5603	19,888	0.457	1.72
6	6038	23,001	0.528	2.13
6.5	6485	26,371	0.605	2.46
7	6945	30,009	0.689	2.75

### Orifice Calculations for Basin 1.1

Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	7 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 1.83 2.71 6.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.57 1 2.12 1 0.07 1	0.57 2.12 0.07 2.75
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	6.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 1.33 2.21 6.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.48 1 1.91 1 0.07 1 Q total	0.48 1.91 0.07 2.46
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	6 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.83 1.71 5.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.38 1 1.68 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.38 1.68 0.06 2.13
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	5.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.33 1.21 5.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.24 1 1.41 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.24 1.41 0.06 1.72
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.71 4.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 1.08 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 1.08 0.06 1.14
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	4.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.21 4.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.59 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 0.59 0.06 0.64
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	4 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 3.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	3.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 3.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	3 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 2.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05

Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	2.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 2.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.00 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	2 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 1.96	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.04 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	1.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 1.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.03 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	1 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 0.96	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.03 Q total	Row Row I	0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	0.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.087 0.267 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 0.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.02

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RUN DATE 2/25/2011 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 7 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.1 INCHES BASIN AREA 2.78 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.64 PEAK DISCHARGE 11.3 CFS

TIME (MINI)	DIOCUADOE (OFO)
TIME (MIN) = 0	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME(MIN) = 7	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.3$
TIME(MIN) = 14	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.3$
TIME (MIN) = 21	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.3$
TIME $(MIN) = 28$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.3
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 33	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME $(MIN) = 42$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 49	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 56	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 63	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME(MIN) = 77	DISCHARGE (CES) - 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 84	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 04	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 91	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME $(MIN) = 98$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 105	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 112	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 119	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 126	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.5$
TIME (MIN) = 133	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 140	DISCHARGE (CES) 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 147	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 154	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 161	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 168	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 182	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.8$
TIME $(MIN) = 189$	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 196	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.0
TIME (MIN) = 190	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 203	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME (MIN) = 217	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $1.4$
TIME (MIN) = 224	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $1.6$
TIME (MIN) = 231	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $2.3$
TIME (MIN) = 238	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $3.7$
TIME (MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $11.3$
TIME (MIN) = 252	DISCHARGE (CES) = 19
TIME (MIN) = 259	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 266	DISCHARGE (CES) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 200	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 273	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME $(MIN) = 280$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.7$
TIME (MIN) = 287	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.6$
TIME (MIN) = 294	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.9 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5 DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 301	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 308	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 322	DISCHARGE (CES) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) - 322	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 329	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 336	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 343	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 350	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 357	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.3
TIME (MIN) = 364	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0

### RCDET1. TXT

### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* HYDRAULICS ELEMENTS - II PROGRAM PACKAGE STORAGE BASIN HYDROGRAPH ROUTING MODEL (c) Copyright 1983-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 14.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355 Analysis prepared by: FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500 RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H 100-YEAR DETENTION BASIN 1 05-23-11 JOB NO. 02711-001-01 FILE NAME: RCDET1. DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:11 05/23/2011 \_\_\_\_\_\_ ENTERED INFORMATION: TOTAL NUMBER OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH INTERVALS = 53 CONSTANT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT(MINUTES) = 7.000 ASSUMED INITIAL DEPTH(FEET) IN STORAGE BASIN = 0.00 ENTERED INFLOW HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES(CFS): \*\*INTERVAL FLOW \*INTERVAL FLOW \* NUMBER \* NUMBER NUMBER (CFS) (CFS) (CFS) 0.30\* 0.30\* 0.00\* 3: 1: 0.30\* 5: 0.30\* 0.40\* 4: 6: 0.40\* 9: 0.40\* 7: 0.40\* 8: 0.40\* 0.40\* 10: 11: 12: 0.40\*0.40\* 0.40\*0.40\*13: 14: 15: 0.50\* 0.50\* 0.50\* 16: 17: 18: 0.50\* 0.50\* 21: 0.60\* 19: 20: 0.60\* 0.60\* 22: 23: 24: 0.70\* 25: 0.70\*26: 0.70\* 27: 0.80\*28: 0.90\*29: 0.90\* 30: 1.00\* 1.10\* 32: 1.40\* 31: 33: 1.60\* 3.70\* 2.30\* 11.30\* 35: 34: 36: 1.90\* 1. 20\* 39: 37: 38: 1.00\* 40: 0.80\* 41: 0.70\* 42: 0.60\* 0.50\* 0.60\*0.50\*43: 44: 45: 0.50\* 0.40\* 46: 0.40\* 47: 48: 0.40\* 49: 0.40\* 51: 50: 0.30\* 0.00\* \_\_\_\_\_\_ DEPTH-VS. -STORAGE AND DEPTH-VS. -DISCHARGE INFORMATION: TOTAL NUMBER OF BASIN DEPTH INFORMATION ENTRIES = 15 OUTFLOW \*\*BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW \* (CFS) \*\* (FFFT) (ACRE-FFFT) (CFS) \* \*BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE (FEET) (ACRE-FEET) (CFS) (FEET) (ACRE-FEET) (CFS) 0. 000 0. 500 0.000 0.000\*\* 0.020\* 0.020 0.030\*\* 1.000 0.044 1.500 0.072 0.031\*0.040\*\* 0.104 0.041\* 2.000 2.500 0.140 0.050\*\* 0.051\* 3.000 3.500 0.181 0.226

```
RCDET1. TXT
                                                4. 500 0. 331 0. 640*
5. 500 0. 457 1. 720*
6. 500 0. 605 2. 460*
                               0. 052**
1. 140**
2. 130**
2. 750**
        4.000
                      0. 276
        5.000
                      0.391
                    6.000
         7.000
INITIAL BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00
INITIAL BASIN STORAGE (ACRE-FEET) =
INITIAL BASIN OUTFLOW(CFS) = 0.00
                                                   0.00
BASIN STORAGE, OUTFLOW AND DEPTH ROUTING VALUES: INTERVAL {S-0*DT/2} {S+0*DT/2} NUMBER (ACRE-FEET) (ACRE-FEET)
                0.00000
                               0.00000
        2
                               0.02010
                0.01990
                0.04386
                               0.04414
        4
                0.07185
                               0.07215
                               0. 10419
       5
                0.10381
        6
                0. 13980
                               0. 14020
                              0. 18124
0. 22625
0. 27625
0. 33409
        7
                0. 18076
                0. 22575
0. 27575
       8
       9
      10
                0. 32791
                0. 38550
                              0. 39650
      11
                0.44871
                              0. 46529
      12
                0.51773
                              0. 53827
      13
                           0. 61686
0. 70226
      14
                0.59314
      15
                0. 67574
WHERE S=STORAGE(AF); O=OUTFLOW(AF/MIN.); DT=UNIT(MIN.)
```

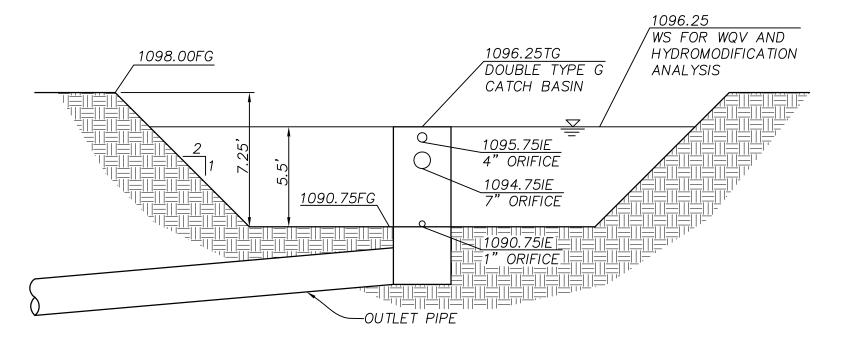
\*UNIT-HYDROGRAPH STORAGE-BASIN ROUTING\*
NOTE: COMPUTED BASIN DEPTH, OUTFLOW, AND STORAGE QUANTITIES
OCCUR AT THE GIVEN TIME. BASIN INFLOW VALUES REPRESENT THE
AVERAGE INFLOW DURING THE RECENT HYDROGRAPH UNIT INTERVAL.

### GRAPH NOTATION: "I"=MEAN UNIT INFLOW; "O"=OUTFLOW AT GIVEN TIME

 TIME INFLOW OUTFLOW					
(HOURS) (CFS) (CFS)	(ACRE-FT) 0.	3.	6.	8.	11.
	0.000 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 00]				
0. 23 0. 30 0. 00	0.003 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 07]				
0. 35 0. 30 0. 01	0.006 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 14]				
0. 47 0. 30 0. 01	0.009 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 21]				
0. 58 0. 30 0. 01	0. 011 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 28]				
0. 70 0. 40 0. 02	0. 015 OI		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 38]				
0. 82 0. 40 0. 02	0. 019 01				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 47]				
0. 93 0. 40 0. 02	0. 022 01				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 55]				
1. 05 0. 40 0. 02	0. 026 01				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 63]				
- ,	Page 2				
	9				

	RCDET1. TXT				
1.17	0. 030 OI 0. 70]	•	•	•	
1. 28 0. 40 0. 03	0. 70] 0. 033 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 1.40 0.40 0.03	0. 78] 0. 037 OI				
1.40	0.037 01	•	•	•	•
1.52	0. 041 0I 0. 93]				
1. 63 0. 40 0. 03	0.044 01				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 1.75  0.40  0.03	1. 00] 0. 048 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1. 07]	•	•	•	•
1.87	0. 052 OI 1. 15]	•	•	•	•
1. 98 0. 50 0. 03	0 <u>.</u> 057 01		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 2.10 0.50 0.03	1. 23] 0. 061 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1. 31]				
2. 22	0. 066 0I 1. 39]	•	•	•	•
2. 33 0. 50 0. 03	0 <u>.</u> 070 01				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 2.45 0.60 0.03	1. 47] 0. 076 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1. 56]				
2.57	0. 081 0I 1. 64]	•	•	•	•
2. 68 0. 60 0. 04	0.087 0I	•	•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 2.80 0.70 0.04	1. 73] 0. 093 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 2.92 0.70 0.04	1. 83] 0. 099 OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1. 93]	•	•	•	•
3.03	0. 106 0I 2. 03]	•	•	•	•
3. 15 0. 80 0. 04	0 <u>.</u> 113 0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3. 27 0. 90 0. 04	2. 13] 0. 121 0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2. 24]	•	•	•	•
3.38	0. 130 0 I 2. 36]	•	•	•	٠
3. 50 1. 00 0. 04	0 <u>.</u> 139 0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.62 1.10 0.04	2. 49] 0. 149 0    I		·		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2. 61]				
3. 73 1. 40 0. 05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 162 0 I 2. 77]	•	•	•	•
3. 85 1. 60 0. 05	0. 177 0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.97 2.30 0.05		Ι.			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 4.08 3.70 0.05	3. 20] 0. 234  0	. 1			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3. 58]	. '	•	•	•
4. 20 11. 30 0. 71 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.339 . 0 4.57]	•		•	I
4. 32 1. 90 0. 80	0.350 . 0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 4.43 1.20 0.83	4. 66] 0. 354 . OI				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 69]	•	•	•	•
4.55 1.00 0.85 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0. 356 .   0 4. 71]	•	•	•	
4. 67 0. 80 0. 84	0.355 . 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 4.78  0.70  0.83	4. 70] 0. 354  . I 0				
	Page 3				

	RCDET1. TXT				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 69]				
4. 90 0. 60 0. 81	0.352 .10		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 5.02 0.60 0.80	4. 67] 0. 350 . I 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 66]	•	•	•	•
5. 13 0. 50 0. 77	0.347 .10				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 63]				
5. 25	0.345 .10	•	•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 61]				
5. 37	0. 342 . I 0 4. 59]	•	•	•	•
5. 48	0.339 .10				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 57]	•	-	-	
5. 60 0. 40 0. 68	0.336 .0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 54]				
5. 72	0.334 .0	•	•	•	•
5. 83 0. 40 0. 64	4. 52] 0. 331   . 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 50]	•	•	•	•
5. 95 0. 40 0. 62	0.329 . 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 48]				
6. 07 0. 30 0. 59	0.326 10	•			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 6. 18  0. 00  0. 53	4. 46] 0. 321 T0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4. 41]	•	•	•	•
[2					





6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 • fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com

# IMP 1.1 OUTLET STRUCTURE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

<u>Detention Basin: Basin 2</u> Q100 In = 13.3 cfs Q100 Out = 4.9 cfs

Detention Basin Discharge

Outlet Perforations:	1 in. @ bottom	8 in. @	4	ft above bottom
Orifice Area, each outlet:	0.005 sq.ft.	0.349 sq.ft.		
		8 in. @	5	ft above bottom
		0.349 sq.ft.		

Stage, Discharge & Storage Table for Basin 2

Stage	Surface Area (sf)	Storage (cf)	Storage (Af)	Q Total
0	2005	0	0.000	0.00
0.5	2052	1,014	0.023	0.02
1	2099	2,052	0.047	0.03
1.5	2147	3,114	0.071	0.03
2	2195	4,200	0.096	0.04
2.5	2243	5,310	0.122	0.04
3	2293	6,447	0.148	0.05
3.5	2342	7,607	0.175	0.05
4	2392	8,794	0.202	0.05
4.5	2442	10,006	0.230	0.74
5	2493	11,245	0.258	1.43
5.5	2543	12,507	0.287	2.56
6	2595	13,800	0.317	3.60
6.5	2647	15,119	0.347	4.35
7	2699	16,464	0.378	4.98

### Orifice Calculations for Basin 2

Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	7 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 1.67 2.67 6.96	# of Oultets Q Row 2.17 1 2.74 1 0.07 1 Q total	2.17 2.74 0.07 4.98
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	6.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 1.17 2.17 6.46	# of Oultets Q Row 1.81 1 2.47 1 0.07 1 Q total	1.81 2.47 0.07 4.35
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	6 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.67 1.67 5.96	# of Oultets Q Row 1.37 1 2.17 1 0.06 1 Q total	1.37 2.17 0.06 3.60
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	5.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.17 1.17 5.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.69 1 1.81 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.69 1.81 0.06 2.56
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.67 4.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 1.37 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 1.37 0.06 1.43
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	4.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.17 4.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.69 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 0.69 0.06 0.74
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	4 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 3.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	3.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 3.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	3 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 2.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.00 1 0.05 1	0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05

Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Co	2.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 2.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.00 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	2 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 1.96	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.04 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	1.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 1.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.03 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	1 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 0.96	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.03 Q total	ots Q Row	0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2 O3	Со	0.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 0.00 0.46	# of Oulte 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 Q total	ets Q Row 1 1	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.02

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1992, 2001 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY

RUN DATE 2/23/2011 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 7 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.1 INCHES BASIN AREA 3.14 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.63 PEAK DISCHARGE 13.2 CFS

TIME $(MIN) = 0$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
TIME (MIN) = 7	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 14	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 21	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 28	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 35	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 42	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 49	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 56	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 63	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 70	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 77	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 84	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 91	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 98	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 30	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 103	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 112	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 113	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 120	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 133	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 147	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 154	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 161	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 168	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 175	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME (MIN) = 173	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 189	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 196	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1
TIME (MIN) = 203	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.2
TIME (MIN) = 210	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.3
TIME (MIN) = 217	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.5
TIME (MIN) = 224	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.8
TIME (MIN) = 231	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.6
TIME(MIN) = 238	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 3.4
TIME(MIN) = 245	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 13.2
TIME $(MIN) = 252$	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 2.1
TIME (MIN) = 259	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.4
TIME(MIN) = 266	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 1.1
TIME(MIN) = 273	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.9
TIME (MIN) = 280	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.8
TIME(MIN) = 287	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.7
TIME (MIN) = 294	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 301	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.6
TIME (MIN) = 308	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 315	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 322	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 84  TIME (MIN) = 91  TIME (MIN) = 91  TIME (MIN) = 98  TIME (MIN) = 105  TIME (MIN) = 112  TIME (MIN) = 112  TIME (MIN) = 126  TIME (MIN) = 133  TIME (MIN) = 140  TIME (MIN) = 147  TIME (MIN) = 161  TIME (MIN) = 168  TIME (MIN) = 175  TIME (MIN) = 182  TIME (MIN) = 182  TIME (MIN) = 196  TIME (MIN) = 203  TIME (MIN) = 217  TIME (MIN) = 224  TIME (MIN) = 224  TIME (MIN) = 231  TIME (MIN) = 231  TIME (MIN) = 235  TIME (MIN) = 252  TIME (MIN) = 252  TIME (MIN) = 252  TIME (MIN) = 266  TIME (MIN) = 266  TIME (MIN) = 273  TIME (MIN) = 287  TIME (MIN) = 287  TIME (MIN) = 301  TIME (MIN) = 301  TIME (MIN) = 302  TIME (MIN) = 322  TIME (MIN) = 323  TIME (MIN) = 322  TIME (MIN) = 323  TIME (MIN) = 322  TIME (MIN) = 323	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.5
TIME (MIN) = 336	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 343	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
	DISCHARGE (CFS) = $0.4$
TIME (MIN) = 357	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0.4
TIME (MIN) = 364	DISCHARGE (CFS) = 0
*	• •

```
*************************************
                  HYDRAULICS ELEMENTS - II PROGRAM PACKAGE
                   STORAGE BASIN HYDROGRAPH ROUTING MODEL
*****
                                                              ******
          (c) Copyright 1983-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
              Ver. 14.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355
                             Analysis prepared by:
                      FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC.
                        6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122
                                  (858) 554-1500
 ********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
* RANCHO CIELO PARCEL H
                                                                                  *
 100-YEAR DETENTION BASIN 2
* 02-23-11 02711-001-01
 *******************
    FILE NAME: RCDET2.DAT
    TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:20 02/23/2011
    ENTERED INFORMATION:
    TOTAL NUMBER OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH INTERVALS = 53
CONSTANT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT(MINUTES) = 7.000
ASSUMED INITIAL DEPTH(FEET) IN STORAGE BASIN = 0.00
    ENTERED INFLOW HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES(CFS):
                  FLOW *INTERVAL
(CFS) * NUMBER
                                                .
*INTERVAL
    *INTERVAL
                                        FLOW *INTERVAL
(CFS) * NUMBER
                                                               FLOW
                                                               (CFS) *
                  (CFS)
      NUMBER
                                           0.40*
0.40*
0.40*
0.40*
                     0.00*
                                                                  0.40*
         1:
                               2:
                                                      3:
                     0.40*
0.40*
0.40*
                               5:
                                                    6:
9:
12:
                                                                  0.40*
         4:
7:
                              8:
11:
                                                                  0.40*
        10:
                                                                  0.50*
                     0.50*
0.50*
                                           0.50*
0.50*
                              14:
17:
                                                                 0.50*
        13:
                                                     15:
                                                                 0.60*
        16:
                                                     18:
                     0.60*
                                           0.60*
                                                                 0.60*
                                                     21:
                              20:
        19:
                     0.70*
                                           0.70*
                                                     24:
27:
                                                                  0.70*
        22:
                              23:
                     0.80*
                                           0.80*
        25:
                                                                  0.90*
                              26:
                     1.00*
                                           1.00*
        28:
                              29:
                                                     30:
                                                                  1.20*
                     1.30*
                                            1.50*
                              32:
                                                                  1.80*
        31:
                                                     33:
                     2.60*
                                            3.40*
        34:
                              35:
                                                     36:
                                                                 13.20*
                     2.10*
                                            1.40*
                                                                  1.10*
        37:
                              38:
                                                     39:
                     0.90*
                                            0.80*
                                                                  0.70*
        40:
                              41:
                                                     42:
                     0.60*
                                            0.60*
                                                                  0.50*
        43:
                              44:
                                                     45:
                     0.50*
                                            0.50*
        46:
                              47:
                                                     48:
                                                                  0.50*
                     0.40*
                                            0.40*
        49:
                                                                  0.40*
                              50:
        52:
                      0.40*
                              53:
                                            0.00*
    DEPTH-VS.-STORAGE AND DEPTH-VS.-DISCHARGE INFORMATION:
    TOTAL NUMBER OF BASIN DEPTH INFORMATION ENTRIES = 15
                              OUTFLOW **BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE
(CFS) ** (FEET) (ACRE-FEET)
                                                                     OUTFLOW *
    *BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE
                 (ACRE-FEET)
        (FEET)
                                                                       (CFS)
           0.000
                        0.000
                                    0.000**
                                                0.500
                                                              0.023
                                                                           0.020*
           1.000
                                                  1.500
2.500
3.500
                        0.047
                                    0.030**
                                                               0.071
                                                                           0.031*
                        0.096
                                    0.040**
                                                               0.122
                                                                           0.041*
                                    0.049**
            3.000
                        0.148
                                                              0.175
                                                                           0.050*
                        0.202
                                                  4.500
5.500
                                                                           0.740*
2.560*
                                    0.051**
                                                              0.230
0.287
            4.000
            5.000
                                    1.430**
                                    3.600**
           6.000
                        0.317
                                                  6.500
                                                              0.347
                                    4.980**
            7.000
                        0.378
******************
    INITIAL BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00
    INITIAL BASIN STORAGE(ACRE-FEET) =
INITIAL BASIN OUTFLOW(CFS) = 0.00
    BASIN STORAGE, OUTFLOW AND DEPTH ROUTING VALUES: INTERVAL {S-O*DT/2} {S+O*DT/2} NUMBER (ACRE-FEET) (ACRE-FEET)
                  0.00000
                               0.00000
          1
```

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0.02290

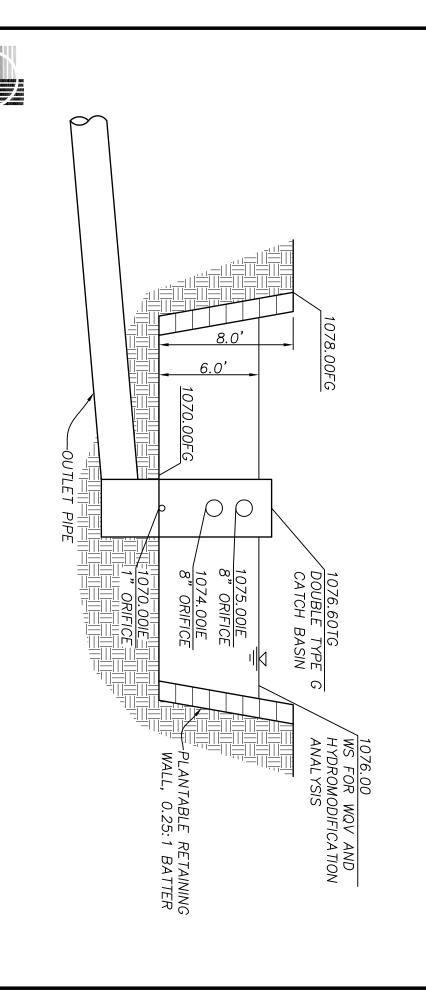
0.02310

\*UNIT-HYDROGRAPH STORAGE-BASIN ROUTING\*
NOTE: COMPUTED BASIN DEPTH, OUTFLOW, AND STORAGE QUANTITIES
OCCUR AT THE GIVEN TIME. BASIN INFLOW VALUES REPRESENT THE
AVERAGE INFLOW DURING THE RECENT HYDROGRAPH UNIT INTERVAL.

GRAPH NOTATION: "I"=MEAN UNIT INFLOW: "O"=OUTFLOW AT GIVEN TIME

GRAPH NOTAT	ION: "I"=MEAN U	UNIT INFLOW;	"O	"=OUTFLOW A	T GIVE	N TIME	
TIME INF	LOW OUTFLOW	STORAGE					
(HOURS) (CF:		(ACRE-FT)	) .	3.	7.	10.	13.
0.12	ó.00 (j. jó.00	0.000					
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.00]					
0.23	0.40 0.00	0.004	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.08]					
0.35	0.40 0.01	0.008	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.17]					
0.47	0.40 0.01	0.011	0	•	•		
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.25]	_				
0.58	0.40 0.01 DEPTH(FEET) =	0.015 0.331	U	•	•	•	•
0.70	0.40   0.02	0.33	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.417	U	•	•	•	•
0.82	0.40 0.02	0.023	0	_	_	_	_
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.491	•	-	•	-	-
0.93	0.40 0.02	0.026	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.57]					
1.05	0.40 0.02	0.030	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.64]					
1.17	0.40 0.02	0.034	0	•		-	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.72]	_				
1.28	0.40 0.03	0.037	O	-	•	-	•
1.40	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50   0.03	0.79] 0.042	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.891	OI	•	•	•	•
1.52	0.50 0.03	0.046	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	0.981	01	•	•	•	•
1.63	0.50 0.03	0.051	OI				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.08]					
1.75	0.50 0.03	0.055	OI				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.17]					
1.87	0.50 0.03	0.060	OI			-	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.27]					
1.98	0.50 0.03	0.064	ΟŢ	-	•	-	•
2.10	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.60   0.03	1.36] 0.070	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.48]	Οī	•	•	•	•
2.22	0.60 0.03	0.075	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.597	ΟŢ	•	•	•	•
2.33	0.60 0.03	0.081	OI	_	_	_	
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.70]					
2.45	0.60 0.04	0.086	OI				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.80]					
2.57	0.70 0.04	0.093	OI				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	1.93]					
2.68	0.70 0.04	0.099	OI	•	•	•	•
2.80	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.70   0.04	2.06] 0.105	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.18]	ΟŢ	•	•	•	•
2.92	0.80 0.04	0.113	ОТ				
_	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.321	<u>-</u>	•	•	•	•
[2, 311				Dama 2			

		RCDET2.	TVT			
3.03 0.80 0.04	0.120					
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.46]					
3.15 0.90 0.04	0.128	0 I	•		•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.27 1.00 0.05	2.62] 0.137	0 Т	_	_	_	_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.80]		-	-	-	-
3.38 1.00 0.05	0.147	0 I	•			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.50 1.20 0.05	2.97] 0.158	ОТ				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.18]	0 1	•	•	•	•
3.62 1.30 0.05	0.170	O I			•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.73 1.50 0.05	3.40] 0.184	O I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.66]		•	•	•	•
3.85 1.80 0.05	0.201	0 I			•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.97 2.60 0.56	3.97] 0.223	.0 I				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.37]	.0 1	•	•	•	•
4.08 3.40 1.16	0.247	. 0	I			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 4.20 13.20 4.37	4.81] 0.348		. 0			Ι
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	6.51]	•	. 0	•	•	1
4.32 2.10 3.88	0.328	. I	.0			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	6.19]	т /	_			
4.43 1.40 3.27 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.307 5.84]	. I (	ο.	•	•	•
4.55 1.10 2.65	0.289	. I 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	5.54]	т о				
4.67 0.90 2.10 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.275 5.301	. I 0	•	•	•	•
4.78 0.80 1.69	0.265	.I O			•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	5.12]	т о				
4.90 0.70 1.39 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.257 4.97]	.1 0	•	•	•	•
5.02 0.60 1.23	0.250	.IO				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.85]	Τ0				
5.13	0.244 4.76]	.10	•	•	•	•
5.25 0.50 0.97	0.239	.IO				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.66]					
5.37	0.235 4.59]	.10	•	•	•	•
5.48 0.50 0.79	0.232	.0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.54]					
5.60 0.50 0.73 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.230 4.49]	.0	•	•	•	•
5.72 0.40 0.66	0.227	IO				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.44]					
5.83 0.40 0.60	0.224	IO	•		•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 5.95 0.40 0.56	4.40] 0.223	IO	_	_	_	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.37]					
6.07 0.40 0.53	0.221	IO				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 6.18 0.00 0.41	4.35] 0.217	IO	_	_	_	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.26]		-	•	•	•
6.30 0.00 0.33	0.213	0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	4.20]					



# OUTLET STRUCTURE DETAIL

6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com

NOT TO SCALE

